

# RHESTR O WELLIANNAU WEDI’U DIDOLI MARSHALLED LIST OF AMENDMENTS

## Bil Senedd Cymru (Aelodau ac Etholiadau) Senedd Cymru (Members and Elections) Bill

Mae’r gwelliannau â \* ar eu pwys yn rhai newydd neu’n rhai sydd wedi’u haddasu  
Amendments marked \* are new or have been altered

Mae gwelliannau a nodir ag ‘R’ yn dynodi bod yr Aelod wedi datgan buddiant  
cofrestradwy o dan Reol Sefydlog 2 neu fuddiant perthnasol o dan Reolau Sefydlog 13 neu  
17 wrth gyflwyno’r gwelliant.

Amendments marked ‘R’ mean that the Member has declared either a registrable interest  
under Standing Order 2 or relevant interest under Standing Orders 13 or 17 when tabling  
the amendment.

Caiff y Bil ei ystyried yn y drefn a ganlyn –	
The Bill will be considered in the following order –	
Sections 1 – 12	Adrannau 1 – 12
Schedule 1	Atodlen 1
Sections 13 – 17	Adrannau 13 – 17
Schedule 2	Atodlen 2
Section 18	Adran 18
Schedule 3	Atodlen 3
Sections 19 – 26	Adrannau 19 – 26
Long title	Teitl hir

**Adam Price** 44  
Section 2, page 1, line 19, leave out ‘and Boundary’.  
Adran 2, tudalen 1, llinell 19, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Mick Antoniw** 1  
Section 2, page 1, line 21, leave out ‘section 49J takes effect (see subsection (8) of that section)’ and  
insert ‘that section takes effect’.  
Adran 2, tudalen 1, llinell 21, hepgorer ‘section 49J takes effect (see subsection (8) of that section)’ a  
mewnosoder ‘that section takes effect’.

**Gyda chefnogaeth / Supported by: Jane Dodds, Lee Waters**

Section 6, page 4, after line 16, insert –

*‘Persons convicted of the offence of deception within the previous four years*

- 9 (1) For the period of four years starting with the date of conviction, a person who has been convicted of the offence of deception as described in subparagraph (2).
- (2) A person must not –
- (a) wilfully, and
  - (b) with the intent to mislead the Senedd or the public, make, publish, or cause to be made or published, a statement purporting to be a statement of fact which they know to be false or deceptive in a material particular.
- (3) A person for the purposes of subparagraph (2) is a person acting in their capacity as a –
- (a) Member of the Senedd, or
  - (b) candidate to be a Member of the Senedd.
- (4) It is a defence for any person charged with an offence under subparagraph (2) to show that –
- (a) at the time of the alleged offence they had acted in the interests of national security,
  - (b) the statement could be reasonably inferred to be a statement of opinion, belief or future intention rather than a statement of fact, or
  - (c) they retracted the statement and apologised publicly for its inaccuracy within 14 days of –
    - (i) the making or publication of the statement, or
    - (ii) the inaccuracy being brought to their attention.
- (5) Proceedings for any such offence must be commenced within six months of the date on which the statement was made or published.
- (6) No private individual or private entity may act as a prosecutor for an offence under this paragraph.
- (7) Section 42 (defamation) does not apply for the purposes of this paragraph.
- (8) In this paragraph –
- “private entity” means any corporation, partnership, business, or professional, or sole practitioner, or voluntary or charitable organisation;
  - “statement” has the same meaning as in the Defamation Act 1996 (c. 31).’.

Adran 6, tudalen 4, ar ôl llinell 16, mewnosoder –

*‘Persons convicted of the offence of deception within the previous four years*

- 9 (1) For the period of four years starting with the date of conviction, a person who has been convicted of the offence of deception as described in subparagraph (2).
- (2) A person must not –
- (a) wilfully, and
  - (b) with the intent to mislead the Senedd or the public, make, publish, or cause to be made or published, a statement purporting to be a statement of fact which they know to be false or deceptive in a material particular.
- (3) A person for the purposes of subparagraph (2) is a person acting in their capacity as a –
- (a) Member of the Senedd, or
  - (b) candidate to be a Member of the Senedd.
- (4) It is a defence for any person charged with an offence under subparagraph (2) to show that –
- (a) at the time of the alleged offence they had acted in the interests of national security,
  - (b) the statement could be reasonably inferred to be a statement of opinion, belief or future intention rather than a statement of fact, or
  - (c) they retracted the statement and apologised publicly for its inaccuracy within 14 days of –
    - (i) the making or publication of the statement, or
    - (ii) the inaccuracy being brought to their attention.
- (5) Proceedings for any such offence must be commenced within six months of the date on which the statement was made or published.
- (6) No private individual or private entity may act as a prosecutor for an offence under this paragraph.
- (7) Section 42 (defamation) does not apply for the purposes of this paragraph.
- (8) In this paragraph –
- “private entity” means any corporation, partnership, business, or professional, or sole practitioner, or voluntary or charitable organisation;
  - “statement” has the same meaning as in the Defamation Act 1996 (c. 31).’.

**Darren Millar**

32

Section 8, page 5, after line 21, insert –

‘() a candidate named on that list (“a named party candidate”), or’.

Adran 8, tudalen 5, ar ôl llinell 21, mewnosoder –

‘() a candidate named on that list (“a named party candidate”), or’.

**Darren Millar**

33

Section 8, page 6, line 23, after ‘party’, insert ‘(including votes for named party candidates)’.

Adran 8, tudalen 6, llinell 23, ar ôl ‘party’, mewnosoder ‘(including votes for named party candidates)’.

**Darren Millar**

34

Section 8, page 7, line 24, after ‘list’, insert –

’, subject to subsections (*[first subsection to be inserted by this amendment]*) and (*[second subsection to be inserted by this amendment]*).

- ( ) If one named party candidate receives 10% or more of the total number of votes received by the party (including votes for named party candidates), that named party candidate moves to first place in the order in which candidates appear on the party’s list.
- ( ) If more than one named party candidate each receive 10% or more of the total number of votes received by the party (including votes for named party candidates), those named party candidates move to the top of the party’s list in accordance with the order of the number of votes they received’.

Adran 8, tudalen 7, llinell 24, ar ôl ‘list’, mewnosoder –

’, subject to subsections (*[is-adran gyntaf i’w mewnosod gan y gwelliant hwn]*) and (*[ail is-adran i’w mewnosod gan y gwelliant hwn]*).

- ( ) If one named party candidate receives 10% or more of the total number of votes received by the party (including votes for named party candidates), that named party candidate moves to first place in the order in which candidates appear on the party’s list.
- ( ) If more than one named party candidate each receive 10% or more of the total number of votes received by the party (including votes for named party candidates), those named party candidates move to the top of the party’s list in accordance with the order of the number of votes they received’.

Section 8, page 8, after line 5, insert –

**‘9A Review of the allocation of seats**

- (1) Before the end of each period of 12 months beginning with the first day after each general election for Members of the Senedd for which the poll is held after 6 April 2026, the Welsh Ministers must –
  - (a) prepare, publish and lay before the Senedd a report on the operation and effect of subsections (*[first subsection to be inserted by amendment 34]*) and (*[second subsection to be inserted by amendment 34]*) and in particular the percentages specified therein;
  - (b) if the report published under paragraph (a) determines that changes are required to be made to the percentages specified in subsections (*[first subsection to be inserted by amendment 34]*) and (*[second subsection to be inserted by amendment 34]*), make regulations giving effect to the changes.
- (2) Before preparing a report for the purposes of subsection (1), the Welsh Ministers must –
  - (a) engage with relevant stakeholders, and
  - (b) carry out a public consultation.
- (3) A statutory instrument containing regulations under subsection (1) may not be made unless –
  - (a) a draft of the instrument has been laid before the Senedd, and
  - (b) the number of Members of the Senedd voting in favour of a resolution of the Senedd approving the draft is at least two-thirds of the total number of Senedd seats.”’.

Adran 8, tudalen 8, ar ôl llinell 5, mewnosoder –

**‘9A Review of the allocation of seats**

- (1) Before the end of each period of 12 months beginning with the first day after each general election for Members of the Senedd for which the poll is held after 6 April 2026, the Welsh Ministers must –
  - (a) prepare, publish and lay before the Senedd a report on the operation and effect of subsections (*[is-adran gyntaf i’w mewnosod gan welliant 34]*) and (*[ail is-adran i’w mewnosod gan welliant 34]*) and in particular the percentages specified therein;
  - (b) if the report published under paragraph (a) determines that changes are required to be made to the percentages specified in subsections (*[is-adran gyntaf i’w mewnosod gan welliant 34]*) and (*[ail is-adran i’w mewnosod gan welliant 34]*), make regulations giving effect to the changes.
- (2) Before preparing a report for the purposes of subsection (1), the Welsh Ministers must –
  - (a) engage with relevant stakeholders, and

- (b) carry out a public consultation.
- (3) A statutory instrument containing regulations under subsection (1) may not be made unless –
  - (a) a draft of the instrument has been laid before the Senedd, and
  - (b) the number of Members of the Senedd voting in favour of a resolution of the Senedd approving the draft is at least two-thirds of the total number of Senedd seats.”.

**Darren Millar**

35

Section 9, page 8, after line 18, insert –

- ‘() Where the party list has been re-ordered under section 9(*[first subsection to be inserted by amendment 34]*) and (*[second subsection to be inserted by amendment 34]*) the constituency returning officer must give effect to the re-ordered list when notifying the Presiding Officer of the person who is to fill the vacancy.’.

Adran 9, tudalen 8, ar ôl llinell 18, mewnosoder –

- ‘() Where the party list has been re-ordered under section 9(*[is-adran gyntaf i’w mewnosod gan welliant 34]*) and (*[ail is-adran i’w mewnosod gan welliant 34]*) the constituency returning officer must give effect to the re-ordered list when notifying the Presiding Officer of the person who is to fill the vacancy.’.

**Darren Millar**

36

Section 9, page 8, line 19, leave out ‘be notified under subsection (3) only’ and insert ‘only be so notified’.

Adran 9, tudalen 8, llinell 19, hepgorer ‘be notified under subsection (3) only’ a mewnosoder ‘only be so notified’.

**Mick Antoniw**

2

Section 10, page 11, after line 7, insert –

- ‘(15) In Schedule 1 to the Senedd and Elections (Wales) Act 2020 (anaw 1), in paragraph 2(8)(c) omit the entries for the following expressions –
  - (a) “Senedd constituency member”;
  - (b) “Senedd electoral region”;
  - (c) “Senedd regional member”.’.

Adran 10, tudalen 11, ar ôl llinell 7, mewnosoder –

- ‘(15) Yn Atodlen 1 i Ddeddf Senedd ac Etholiadau (Cymru) 2020 (dccc 1), ym mharagraff 2(8)(c) hepgorer y cofnodion ar gyfer yr ymadroddion a ganlyn –
  - (a) “Senedd constituency member”;
  - (b) “Senedd electoral region”;

(c) “Senedd regional member”’.

**Darren Millar**

**40**

Page 11, after line 7, insert a new section –

**‘PART []**

**RECALL OF MEMBERS OF THE SENEDD**

**[] Recall of Members of the Senedd**

In the 2006 Act, after section 44 (corrupt practices) insert –

**“PART 1A**

**RECALL OF MEMBERS OF THE SENEDD**

*How a Member of the Senedd becomes subject to a recall petition process*

**44A How a Member of the Senedd becomes subject to a recall petition process**

- (1) A Member of the Senedd becomes subject to a recall petition process if –
  - (a) the first or second recall condition has been met in relation to the Member of the Senedd, and
  - (b) the Presiding Officer gives notice of that fact under section 44E.
- (2) In this Act “recall petition” means a petition calling for a Member of the Senedd to lose his or her seat in the Senedd.
- (3) The first recall condition is that –
  - (a) the Member of the Senedd has, after becoming a Member of the Senedd, been convicted in the United Kingdom of an offence and sentenced or ordered to be imprisoned or detained, and
  - (b) the appeal period expires without the conviction, sentence or order having been overturned on appeal.
- (4) Sections 44B to 44D make further provision about the first recall condition.
- (5) The second recall condition is that, whether following on from a report from the Committee on Standards of Conduct (“*y Pwyllgor Safonau Ymddygiad*”) in relation to the Member of the Senedd, or otherwise, the Senedd resolves to exclude the Member of the Senedd from any Senedd proceedings for a specified period of the requisite length.
- (6) A specified period is “of the requisite length” for the purposes of subsection (5) if –
  - (a) where the period is expressed as a number of sitting days, the period specified is of at least 10 sitting days, or
  - (b) in any other case, the period specified (however expressed) is a period of at least 14 days.

- (7) For the purposes of subsection (5) it does not matter –
  - (a) when the period of exclusion starts, and
  - (b) where that period is expressed as a number of sitting days, what provision (if any) is made by the Senedd regarding what does, or does not, count as a sitting day for the purpose of calculating that period.
- (8) The reference in subsection (5) to the Committee on Standards of Conduct (“*y Pwyllgor Safonau Ymddygiad*”) means any committee or subcommittee of the Senedd to which there have been delegated, by or under the Standing Orders, functions relating to complaints that Members of the Senedd have failed to comply with the requirements of a relevant provision.
- (9) Any question arising under subsection (8) is to be determined by the Presiding Officer.
- (10) The provision made by or under this Part does not affect other ways in which a Member of the Senedd’s seat may be vacated, whether –
  - (a) by the Member of the Senedd’s disqualification; for example, under section 16 and Schedule 1A (Disqualification from being Member of the Senedd), or
  - (b) by the Member of the Senedd’s death or otherwise.
- (11) In this section –
  - (a) “relevant provision” has the meaning given by section 6(3) of the National Assembly for Wales (Commissioner for Standards) Measure 2009 (nawm 4);
  - (b) “sitting day”, means a working day in a week in which the Senedd sits in plenary.

**44B The first recall condition: further provision**

- (1) In section 44A(3) (the first recall condition) –
  - (a) the reference to an offence includes an offence committed before the Member of the Senedd became a Member of the Senedd and an offence committed before the day on which section 44A comes into force, but
  - (b) the reference to a Member of the Senedd being convicted of an offence is only to a Member of the Senedd being convicted of an offence on or after the day on which section 44A comes into force.
- (2) The reference in section 44A(3) to a Member of the Senedd being sentenced or ordered –
  - (a) includes the Member of the Senedd being sentenced or ordered where the sentence or order is suspended,
  - (b) does not include the Member of the Senedd being remanded in custody, and



- (c) does not include the Member of the Senedd being authorised to be detained under mental health legislation if there is no sentence or order for imprisonment or detention other than under that legislation.
- (3) “Mental health legislation” means –
  - (a) the Mental Health Act 1983 (c.20),
  - (b) Part 6 or section 200(2)(b) of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 (c.46), or
  - (c) the Mental Health (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 (S.I. 1986/595 (N.I. 4)).
- (4) For the purposes of this Act the time at which a person becomes a Member of the Senedd is the beginning of the day after –
  - (a) the day on which the poll at a general election is held at which the person is elected as a Member of the Senedd, or
  - (b) where the person has been elected as a Member of the Senedd more than once, the day on which the poll at a general election at which the person was last so elected.

**44C The first recall condition: expiry of appeal period**

- (1) For the purposes of section 44A(3) (the first recall condition), the appeal period expires at the earliest time at which –
  - (a) it is no longer possible for there to be a relevant appeal, and
  - (b) all relevant appeals have been determined or otherwise disposed of.
- (2) “Relevant appeal”, means –
  - (a) an appeal that –
    - (i) is in respect of the conviction, sentence or order mentioned in section 44A(3), and
    - (ii) is brought within the usual period, or
  - (b) an appeal that –
    - (i) is in respect of the determination of an appeal that was itself a relevant appeal, and
    - (ii) is brought within the period of 28 days beginning with the date of that determination or, if it ends earlier, the usual period.
- (3) References in this section to an appeal being brought within the usual period are to the appeal being brought within the period allowed for bringing an appeal of the kind in question, disregarding the possibility of an appeal out of time with permission.
- (4) References in this section to an appeal –
  - (a) are to an appeal to a court in the United Kingdom;
  - (b) include an application (and accordingly references to an appeal being brought include an application being made);

- (c) include an appeal under paragraph 13(a) of Schedule 6 to the Scotland Act 1998 (c.46), paragraph 31(a) of Schedule 10 to the Northern Ireland Act 1998 (c.47) or paragraph 21(a) of Schedule 9 to this Act (appeal against a determination, in proceedings in Scotland, of a Scottish, Northern Irish or Welsh devolution issue), or an appeal under section 288AA of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 (c.46) (appeal on compatibility issues);
  - (d) do not include a reference under Part 2 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1995 (c.35) (the Criminal Cases Review Commission) or Part 10A of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 (the Scottish Criminal Cases Review Commission), or a petition to the nobile officium.
- (5) References in this section to the determination of an appeal are, where the court to which the appeal is brought remits the matter to another court, to the disposal of the proceedings by that other court.

**44D The first recall condition: convicted Member of the Senedd to notify the Presiding Officer**

- (1) This section applies if a Member of the Senedd, after becoming a Member of the Senedd is convicted in the United Kingdom of an offence and sentenced or ordered to be imprisoned or detained within the meaning of section 44A(3) (see section 44B).
- (2) For the purposes of this section, a Member of the Senedd referred to in subsection (1) is to be known as “a convicted Member of the Senedd”.
- (3) A convicted Member of the Senedd must notify the Presiding Officer –
  - (a) of the conviction and of the sentence or order, and
  - (b) whether an appeal may be brought in respect of the conviction, sentence or order.
- (4) Subsections (5) and (6) apply in a case in which an appeal is brought in respect of the conviction, sentence or order (including from a court that determines or otherwise disposes of such an appeal).
- (5) If an appeal is brought a convicted Member of the Senedd must notify the Presiding Officer that an appeal has been brought in respect of the conviction, sentence or order.
- (6) Where the appeal is determined or otherwise disposed of, a convicted Member of the Senedd must notify the Presiding Officer –
  - (a) that the appeal has been determined or otherwise disposed of,
  - (b) that the conviction, sentence or order has, or has not, been overturned on appeal, and
  - (c) whether any further appeal may be brought in respect of the conviction, sentence or order.

- (7) Section 44C(4) and (5) (interpretation of references to an appeal and to the determination of an appeal) apply in relation to this section as they apply in relation to section 44C, except that references in this section to an appeal do include a petition to the nobile officium.
- (8) A convicted Member of the Senedd is not required under this section to notify the Presiding Officer if, at any time since the application of the section, the Member of the Senedd’s seat has been vacated.

**44E Presiding Officer’s notice that the first or second recall condition has been met**

- (1) As soon as reasonably practicable after becoming aware that the first or second recall condition has been met in relation to a Member of the Senedd, the Presiding Officer must give notice of that fact to the petition officer for the Member of the Senedd’s constituency unless –
  - (a) it appears to the Presiding Officer that the latest date for which may be fixed for the recall petition would fall within the period of six months ending with the day on which the poll at the next ordinary general election would be held (disregarding section 4),
  - (b) the Member of the Senedd is already subject to a recall petition process, or
  - (c) the Member of the Senedd’s seat has already been vacated (whether by the Member of the Senedd’s disqualification or death, or otherwise).
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1)(a), a Member of the Senedd is “subject to a recall petition process” during the period beginning with the giving of a notice under this section in relation to the Member of the Senedd and ending with –
  - (a) the receipt by the petition officer of a notice under section 44M(6) (early termination of recall petition process) in relation to the recall petition in question, or
  - (b) the giving by the petition officer of a notice under section 44N(2)(b) (determination of whether recall petition successful) of the outcome of that recall petition.
- (3) A notice under this section –
  - (a) must specify the day on which it is given,
  - (b) must specify which of the recall conditions has been met in relation to the Member of the Senedd, and
  - (c) in a case in which the first recall condition has been met, must specify the offence of which the Member of the Senedd has been convicted.
- (4) For the purposes of this Act, a notice under this section –
  - (a) is to be treated as given on the day specified in it under subsection (3)(a), and

- (b) is to be treated as received by the petition officer on the first working day after the day on which it is given.
- (5) References in this Act to a “Presiding Officer’s notice” are to a notice under this section.

*Conduct of the recall petition process*

**44F Petition officers**

- (1) There is to be a petition officer in relation to a recall petition for each constituency and the petition officer is the person who is the constituency returning officer in accordance with section 7(6) of this Act.
- (2) References in this Act to a petition officer are to a petition officer under this section.
- (3) It is the petition officer’s general duty to do anything necessary for effectually conducting a recall petition in accordance with this Act and regulations made under it.
- (4) The petition officer may appoint one or more deputies to perform any or all of the officer’s functions under or by virtue of this Act.
- (5) Each local authority whose area falls wholly or partly within the constituency must place the services of its officers at the disposal of the petition officer for the purpose of assisting the petition officer in the performance of the officer’s functions under or by virtue of this Act.
- (6) “Local authority” (“*awdurdod lleol*”) means a county council or county borough council in Wales.
- (7) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations make any provision, in relation to petition officers, in so far as it relates to expenditure.
- (8) A statutory instrument containing regulations under this section may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the Senedd.

**44G Where and from when the recall petition may be signed**

- (1) Where the petition officer for a constituency receives a Presiding Officer’s notice, the officer must, as soon as reasonably practicable, designate –
- (a) a place, or places, at which a recall petition is to be made available for signing, and
- (b) a day from which the petition is to be made available for signing.
- (2) A maximum of 10 places may be designated under subsection (1)(a).
- (3) The petition officer must, in determining which place or places to designate under subsection (1)(a), seek to ensure –
- (a) that all persons entitled to sign the recall petition have such reasonable facilities for signing it as are practicable in the circumstances, and

- (b) that, so far as is reasonable and practicable, every place designated is accessible to disabled persons.
- (4) The petition officer must designate under subsection (1)(b) –
  - (a) the day which is the 10th working day after the day on which the officer received the Presiding Officer’s notice, or
  - (b) if it is not reasonably practicable to designate that day, the first subsequent working day that it is reasonably practicable to designate.
- (5) In this Part –
  - “the designated place or places” means the place or places designated under subsection (1)(a);
  - “the designated day” means the day designated under subsection (1)(b).

**44H Notice of petition to be sent to registered electors**

- (1) As soon as reasonably practicable after determining the designated place or places and the designated day under section 44G, the petition officer must send a notice of petition in accordance with regulations under section 44R –
  - (a) to such descriptions of persons registered in the register of local government electors for the constituency as are to be specified in such regulations, and
  - (b) to such other descriptions of persons as may be specified in such regulations.
- (2) Regulations under section 44R must require the notice to contain information relating to the recall condition which has been met in relation to the Member of the Senedd.

**44I Recall petition to be made available for signing**

- (1) The petition officer must ensure that the recall petition is made available for signing throughout the signing period at the designated place or places, and by post, in accordance with regulations under section 44R.
- (2) In this Part “the signing period” means the period of six weeks beginning with the designated day.
- (3) The recall petition is made available for signing at the designated place or places, or by post, by a separate petition signing sheet being available for signing by each person entitled to sign the petition at that place, or by post, in accordance with regulations under section 44R.
- (4) The wording of a petition signing sheet must include the following –

By signing in the box below you are signing a petition for [*name of Member of the Senedd*] one of the Members of the Senedd for [*name of constituency*], to lose [*his/her*] seat as a Member of the Senedd. If at least 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [*name of Member of the Senedd*] MS will lose [*his/her*] seat as a Member of the Senedd and the vacancy will be filled in accordance with the usual arrangements. If fewer than 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [*name of Member of the Senedd*] MS will not lose [*his/her*] seat as a result of the petition.

- (5) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations amend subsection (4).
- (6) The Welsh Ministers must by regulations ensure that the wording of a petition signing sheet is available through the medium of Welsh.
- (7) A statutory instrument containing regulations under this section may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the Senedd.

#### **44J Persons entitled to sign a recall petition**

- (1) A person is entitled to sign a recall petition on a day during the signing period if, on that day –
  - (a) the person is registered in the register of local government electors at an address within a Senedd constituency,
  - (b) the person is aged 16 or over, or the date of his or her 16th birthday is before the end of the signing period, and
  - (c) the person would be entitled to vote as an elector at a general election in the constituency.
- (2) Any alteration made to the register of local government electors at an address within a Senedd constituency which takes effect –
  - (a) after the day on which the Presiding Officer’s notice is given, and
  - (b) on or before the cut-off day,does not have effect for the purposes of subsection (1)(a) if it results from a late application for registration.
- (3) Any alteration made to the register of local government electors at an address within a Senedd constituency which takes effect after the cut-off day does not have effect for the purposes of subsection (1)(a).
- (4) For the purposes of this Part –
  - (a) “the cut-off day” means the third working day before the beginning of the signing period,
  - (b) “general election” means an ordinary general election or an extraordinary general election held under Part 1 of this Act, and
  - (c) “late application for registration” means an application for registration that is made after the day on which the Presiding Officer’s notice is given.

- (5) For the purposes of subsection (1)(c), section 2(1)(a) and (d) of the Representation of the People Act 1983 (c.2) (requirement to be registered and of voting age) are to be disregarded.
- (6) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations make provision relating to the alteration of registers of local government electors for the purposes of a recall petition.
- (7) A statutory instrument containing regulations under subsection (6) may not be made unless a draft of the regulations has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the Senedd.

**44K How entitlement to sign a recall petition is to be exercised**

- (1) A person who is entitled to sign a recall petition may sign it –
  - (a) in person,
  - (b) by post, or
  - (c) by proxy,subject to meeting the requirements of regulations under section 44R about signing it by that method.
- (2) A person who is entitled to sign a recall petition may sign it only once.
- (3) Once a recall petition has been signed, the signature cannot be withdrawn.
- (4) Unless stated otherwise, references in this Part (however expressed) to the signing of a recall petition by a person are to the person signing it by any of the methods mentioned in subsection (1) otherwise than as a proxy for another person.

**44L Double signing**

- (1) A person commits an offence if the person signs the same recall petition, otherwise than by proxy, more than once.
- (2) A person commits an offence if the person signs a recall petition in person or by post knowing that a person appointed to sign the petition as his or her proxy –
  - (a) has already signed the petition in person as his or her proxy, or
  - (b) in accordance with provision made by regulations under section 44R, is entitled to sign the petition as his or her proxy by post.
- (3) A person commits an offence if the person signs the same recall petition as proxy for the same person more than once.
- (4) A person commits an offence if the person signs a recall petition as proxy for another person knowing that the other person has already signed the petition in person or by post.
- (5) An offence under this section is treated –
  - (a) for the purposes of section 169 of the Representation of the People Act 1983 (c.2) (mode of prosecution and penalty for illegal practices) as an illegal practice,

- (b) for the purposes of section 173 of that Act (incapacities on conviction of corrupt or illegal practice) as an illegal practice under section 61 of that Act (other voting offences), and
- (c) for the purposes of section 178 of that Act (prosecution of offences committed outside the United Kingdom) as an offence under that Act.

*Early termination of recall petition process*

**44M Early termination of recall petition process**

- (1) This section applies where any of the following conditions is met at any time after the Presiding Officer’s notice is given but before notice of the outcome of the recall petition has been given under section 44N(2)(b).
- (2) The first condition is that the Senedd is dissolved.
- (3) The second condition is that the Member of the Senedd’s seat is vacated (whether by the Member of the Senedd’s disqualification or death, or otherwise).
- (4) The third condition is that, in a case in which the first recall condition was met in relation to the Member of the Senedd, the conviction, sentence or order in question is overturned on appeal.
- (5) As soon as reasonably practicable after becoming aware that this section applies, the Presiding Officer (or, in a case where this section applies by virtue of the first condition, the person who was the Presiding Officer immediately before the Senedd was dissolved) must notify the petition officer that the section applies, specifying which of the conditions above has been met.
- (6) On the petition officer receiving a notice under subsection (5) –
  - (a) sections 44G to 44K cease to apply in relation to the recall petition, and
  - (b) no further action is to be taken under or by virtue of this Part in relation to the process relating to the signing of the recall petition except –
    - (i) the action required under subsection (7), and
    - (ii) any action which may be required or permitted by regulations under section 44R in relation to the termination of that process.
- (7) As soon as reasonably practicable after receiving a notice under subsection (5), the petition officer must –
  - (a) take such steps as the officer considers necessary to terminate the process relating to the signing of the recall petition, and
  - (b) give a public notice of the termination of that process in accordance with regulations under section 44R.
- (8) Except in a case where this section applies by virtue of the first condition (dissolution of the Senedd), the Presiding Officer must lay before the Senedd any notice given under subsection (5).



*Outcome of recall petition*

**44N Determination of whether recall petition successful**

- (1) This section applies unless the petition officer has received a notice under section 44M(6) (early termination of recall petition process).
- (2) As soon as reasonably practicable after the end of the signing period, the petition officer must –
  - (a) determine whether the recall petition was successful,
  - (b) notify the Presiding Officer that the recall petition was successful or unsuccessful, as the case may be, and
  - (c) having done that, give a public notice of the outcome of the recall petition in accordance with regulations under section 44R.
- (3) For the purposes of this Act, a recall petition is successful if the number of persons who validly sign the petition is at least 10% of the number of eligible registered electors.
- (4) In this section “the number of eligible registered electors” means the number of persons registered in the register of local government electors for the constituency on the last day of the signing period excluding those who, according to their entry in the register, are aged under 16 on that day.
- (5) Any alteration made to the register of local government electors for the Senedd constituency which takes effect –
  - (a) after the day on which the Presiding Officer’s notice is given, and
  - (b) on or before the cut-off day,does not have effect for the purposes of subsection (3) if it results from a late application for registration.
- (6) Any alteration made to the register of local government electors for the constituency which takes effect after the cut-off day does not have effect for the purposes of subsection (3), unless regulations made under section 44J(6) determine otherwise.
- (7) For the purposes of subsection (3), a person validly signs a recall petition if –
  - (a) the person signs the petition on a day during the signing period on which the person is entitled to do so under section 44J,
  - (b) the person has not previously signed the petition,
  - (c) each condition (if any) imposed by regulations under section 44R of the kind mentioned in section 44R(3)(d)(i) (conditions for the exercise of entitlement to sign) applicable to the method of signing used is met,
  - (d) the person’s signing of the petition is not invalid for the purposes of this Act under regulations under section 44R of the kind mentioned in section 44R(3)(d)(iv), and
  - (e) the person is not within subsection (8).

- (8) A person is within this subsection if, on the last day of the signing period, the person is not registered in the register of local government electors for the constituency because the person's entry has been removed by an alteration described in regulations made under section 44J(6).
- (9) The Presiding Officer must lay before the Senedd any notice received under subsection (2)(b).

**44O Effect of successful petition**

- (1) If the petition officer notifies the Presiding Officer under section 44N(2)(b) that the recall petition was successful, the Member of the Senedd’s seat becomes vacant on the giving of that notice.
- (2) That does not apply if the seat has already been vacated (whether by the Member of the Senedd’s disqualification or death, or otherwise).
- (3) Subsection (1) is subject to regulations under section 44R about the questioning of the outcome of the recall petition.

*Financial controls*

**44P Expenses, donations and reporting**

- (1) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations make any provision, in relation to –
  - (a) regulating expenditure in relation to recall petitions;
  - (b) regulating donations in relation to recall petitions;
  - (c) imposing reporting requirements in connection with the financial control of recall petitions.
- (2) A statutory instrument containing regulations under this section may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the Senedd.

**44Q Loans**

- (1) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations make any provision corresponding to section 62 of the Electoral Administration Act 2006 (c.22).
- (2) A statutory instrument containing regulations under this section may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the Senedd.

*Final provisions*

**44R Power to make further provision about conduct of a recall petition etc.**

- (1) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations –
  - (a) make further provision about the conduct of a recall petition;
  - (b) make provision about the questioning of the outcome of a recall petition and the consequences of irregularities;

- (c) make further provision about the giving, sending, delivery or receipt of notices or other documents under this Part.
- (2) Regulations under subsection (1) may –
  - (a) apply or incorporate any provision of electoral legislation (with or without modifications or exceptions);
  - (b) amend any form contained in a provision of electoral legislation for use in relation to recall petitions;
  - (c) make provision conferring a discretion on any person;
  - (d) make provision creating a criminal offence;
  - (e) make further provision about criminal offences under this Part.
- (3) The provision that may be made under subsection (1)(a) includes, in particular –
  - (a) provision about the notice of petition under section 44H, the petition signing sheet under section 44I or the public notice required under section 44M(7)(b) or 44N(2)(c);
  - (b) provision permitting or requiring the petition officer not to make the recall petition available for signing at the designated place or places at particular times of the day or on particular days;
  - (c) provision allocating persons registered in the register of local government electors for the constituency to a particular designated place and limiting the availability of the petition for signing at that place to signing by persons so allocated who are entitled to sign it;
  - (d) provision about signing a recall petition in person, by post or by proxy, and in particular –
    - (i) provision under which an entitlement to sign a recall petition in person, by post or by proxy may be exercised only where conditions specified in the regulations are met;
    - (ii) provision about what a person must do in order to be regarded as having signed a recall petition for the purposes of this Act;
    - (iii) provision about when a person who signs a recall petition by post is treated as signing it for the purposes of this Act;
    - (iv) provision about when a person's signing of a recall petition is invalid for the purposes of this Act;
  - (e) provision permitting or requiring the petition officer, in determining under section 44N(2)(a) whether a recall petition was successful, to treat a person who signed the petition as having validly signed it for the purposes of section 44N(3);

- (f) provision about access to, or the supply of copies of, the register of local government electors for the constituency or documents produced in relation to a recall petition;
  - (g) provision about the retention or disposal of documents or other information in relation to a recall petition;
  - (h) further provision about the regulation of campaigning in relation to a recall petition.
- (4) Provision made as mentioned in subsection (3)(e) does not affect –
- (a) the question of whether, for the purposes of provision made under subsection (1)(b), a person validly signed a recall petition for the purposes of section 44N(3) (determination of whether recall petition successful), or
  - (b) liability to any penalty arising from a person signing a recall petition but failing to validly sign it for the purposes of section 44N(3).
- (5) The outcome of a recall petition may be questioned only in accordance with provision made under subsection (1)(b).
- (6) The provision that may be made under subsection (1)(c) includes –
- (a) provision about how a notice or other document authorised or required under this Part to be given, sent or delivered is given, sent or delivered;
  - (b) provision about the circumstances in which, and the time at which, a notice or other document is (or is to be treated as having been) given, sent, delivered or received.
- (7) For the purposes of this section, “a provision of electoral legislation” means –
- (a) a provision of, or made under, the Representation of the People Acts, or
  - (b) a provision of other legislation which is a provision relating to a general election.
- (8) A statutory instrument containing regulations under this section may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the Senedd.

**44S Performance of the Presiding Officer’s functions by others**

If the first or second condition has been met in relation to the Presiding Officer the functions of the Presiding Officer in relation to this Part are to be performed by a Deputy Presiding Officer.

**44T Regulations**

- (1) Regulations under this Part are to be made by statutory instrument.
- (2) Regulations under this Part may –
  - (a) make consequential, supplementary, incidental, transitional or saving provision;

- (b) make different provision for different purposes or areas.
- (3) The power under subsection (2)(a) includes, in the case of regulations under section 44R (power to make further provision about conduct of a recall petition etc), the power to amend legislation.

#### **44U Interpretation**

- (1) In this Part –

“the cut-off day” has the meaning given by section 44J(4)(a);

“the designated day” has the meaning given by section 44G(5);

“the designated place or places” has the meaning given by section 44G(5);

“late application for registration” has the meaning given by section 44J(4)(b);

“legislation” means –

- (a) an enactment as defined in section 158, or

- (b) an Act of Parliament, or any subordinate legislation made under any Act of Parliament;

“overturned on appeal” means –

- (a) in relation to a conviction, that there is no longer a conviction for the purposes of section 44A(3), and

- (b) in relation to a sentence or order –

- (i) varied so that it is no longer a sentence or order that the Member of the Senedd be imprisoned or detained within the meaning of section 44A(3), or

- (ii) replaced with another sentence or order that is not a sentence or order that the Member of the Senedd be imprisoned or detained within the meaning of that provision;

“recall petition” has the meaning given by section 44A(2);

“the signing period” has the meaning given by section 44I(2);

“Presiding Officer’s notice” has the meaning given by section 44E(5).

- (2) References in this Part to the register of local government electors for the constituency is to the version of the register of local government electors as most recently published under section 13(1)(a) of the Representation of the People Act 1983.
- (3) References in this Part (however expressed) to the signing of a recall petition by a person are to be read in accordance with section 44K(4).
- (4) A duty under this Part to notify (however expressed) is a duty to give notice in writing.”.

**‘RHAN [ ]**

**ADALW AELODAU O’R SENEDD**

**[ ] Adalw Aelodau o’r Senedd**

Yn Neddf 2006, ar ôl adran 44 (arferion llwgr) mewnosoder –

**“PART 1A**

**RECALL OF MEMBERS OF THE SENEDD**

*How a Member of the Senedd becomes subject to a recall petition process*

**44A How a Member of the Senedd becomes subject to a recall petition process**

- (1) A Member of the Senedd becomes subject to a recall petition process if –
  - (a) the first or second recall condition has been met in relation to the Member of the Senedd, and
  - (b) the Presiding Officer gives notice of that fact under section 44E.
- (2) In this Act “recall petition” means a petition calling for a Member of the Senedd to lose his or her seat in the Senedd.
- (3) The first recall condition is that –
  - (a) the Member of the Senedd has, after becoming a Member of the Senedd, been convicted in the United Kingdom of an offence and sentenced or ordered to be imprisoned or detained, and
  - (b) the appeal period expires without the conviction, sentence or order having being overturned on appeal.
- (4) Sections 44B to 44D make further provision about the first recall condition.
- (5) The second recall condition is that, whether following on from a report from the Committee on Standards of Conduct (“*y Pwyllgor Safonau Ymddygiad*”) in relation to the Member of the Senedd, or otherwise, the Senedd resolves to exclude the Member of the Senedd from any Senedd proceedings for a specified period of the requisite length.
- (6) A specified period is “of the requisite length” for the purposes of subsection (5) if –
  - (a) where the period is expressed as a number of sitting days, the period specified is of at least 10 sitting days, or
  - (b) in any other case, the period specified (however expressed) is a period of at least 14 days.
- (7) For the purposes of subsection (5) it does not matter –
  - (a) when the period of exclusion starts, and

- (b) where that period is expressed as a number of sitting days, what provision (if any) is made by the Senedd regarding what does, or does not, count as a sitting day for the purpose of calculating that period.
- (8) The reference in subsection (5) to the Committee on Standards of Conduct (“*y Pwyllgor Safonau Ymddygiad*”) means any committee or subcommittee of the Senedd to which there have been delegated, by or under the Standing Orders, functions relating to complaints that Members of the Senedd have failed to comply with the requirements of a relevant provision.
- (9) Any question arising under subsection (8) is to be determined by the Presiding Officer.
- (10) The provision made by or under this Part does not affect other ways in which a Member of the Senedd’s seat may be vacated, whether –
  - (a) by the Member of the Senedd’s disqualification; for example, under section 16 and Schedule 1A (Disqualification from being Member of the Senedd), or
  - (b) by the Member of the Senedd’s death or otherwise.
- (11) In this section –
  - (a) “relevant provision” has the meaning given by section 6(3) of the National Assembly for Wales (Commissioner for Standards) Measure 2009 (nawm 4);
  - (b) “sitting day”, means a working day in a week in which the Senedd sits in plenary.

**44B The first recall condition: further provision**

- (1) In section 44A(3) (the first recall condition) –
  - (a) the reference to an offence includes an offence committed before the Member of the Senedd became a Member of the Senedd and an offence committed before the day on which section 44A comes into force, but
  - (b) the reference to a Member of the Senedd being convicted of an offence is only to a Member of the Senedd being convicted of an offence on or after the day on which section 44A comes into force.
- (2) The reference in section 44A(3) to a Member of the Senedd being sentenced or ordered –
  - (a) includes the Member of the Senedd being sentenced or ordered where the sentence or order is suspended,
  - (b) does not include the Member of the Senedd being remanded in custody, and
  - (c) does not include the Member of the Senedd being authorised to be detained under mental health legislation if there is no sentence or order for imprisonment or detention other than under that legislation.

- (3) “Mental health legislation” means –
- (a) the Mental Health Act 1983 (c.20),
  - (b) Part 6 or section 200(2)(b) of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 (c.46), or
  - (c) the Mental Health (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 (S.I. 1986/595 (N.I. 4)).
- (4) For the purposes of this Act the time at which a person becomes a Member of the Senedd is the beginning of the day after –
- (a) the day on which the poll at a general election is held at which the person is elected as a Member of the Senedd, or
  - (b) where the person has been elected as a Member of the Senedd more than once, the day on which the poll at a general election at which the person was last so elected.

**44C The first recall condition: expiry of appeal period**

- (1) For the purposes of section 44A(3) (the first recall condition), the appeal period expires at the earliest time at which –
- (a) it is no longer possible for there to be a relevant appeal, and
  - (b) all relevant appeals have been determined or otherwise disposed of.
- (2) “Relevant appeal”, means –
- (a) an appeal that –
    - (i) is in respect of the conviction, sentence or order mentioned in section 44A(3), and
    - (ii) is brought within the usual period, or
  - (b) an appeal that –
    - (i) is in respect of the determination of an appeal that was itself a relevant appeal, and
    - (ii) is brought within the period of 28 days beginning with the date of that determination or, if it ends earlier, the usual period.
- (3) References in this section to an appeal being brought within the usual period are to the appeal being brought within the period allowed for bringing an appeal of the kind in question, disregarding the possibility of an appeal out of time with permission.
- (4) References in this section to an appeal –
- (a) are to an appeal to a court in the United Kingdom;
  - (b) include an application (and accordingly references to an appeal being brought include an application being made);



- (c) include an appeal under paragraph 13(a) of Schedule 6 to the Scotland Act 1998 (c.46), paragraph 31(a) of Schedule 10 to the Northern Ireland Act 1998 (c.47) or paragraph 21(a) of Schedule 9 to this Act (appeal against a determination, in proceedings in Scotland, of a Scottish, Northern Irish or Welsh devolution issue), or an appeal under section 288AA of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 (c.46) (appeal on compatibility issues);
  - (d) do not include a reference under Part 2 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1995 (c.35) (the Criminal Cases Review Commission) or Part 10A of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 (the Scottish Criminal Cases Review Commission), or a petition to the nobile officium.
- (5) References in this section to the determination of an appeal are, where the court to which the appeal is brought remits the matter to another court, to the disposal of the proceedings by that other court.

**44D The first recall condition: convicted Member of the Senedd to notify the Presiding Officer**

- (1) This section applies if a Member of the Senedd, after becoming a Member of the Senedd is convicted in the United Kingdom of an offence and sentenced or ordered to be imprisoned or detained within the meaning of section 44A(3) (see section 44B).
- (2) For the purposes of this section, a Member of the Senedd referred to in subsection (1) is to be known as “a convicted Member of the Senedd”.
- (3) A convicted Member of the Senedd must notify the Presiding Officer –
  - (a) of the conviction and of the sentence or order, and
  - (b) whether an appeal may be brought in respect of the conviction, sentence or order.
- (4) Subsections (5) and (6) apply in a case in which an appeal is brought in respect of the conviction, sentence or order (including from a court that determines or otherwise disposes of such an appeal).
- (5) If an appeal is brought a convicted Member of the Senedd must notify the Presiding Officer that an appeal has been brought in respect of the conviction, sentence or order.
- (6) Where the appeal is determined or otherwise disposed of, a convicted Member of the Senedd must notify the Presiding Officer –
  - (a) that the appeal has been determined or otherwise disposed of,
  - (b) that the conviction, sentence or order has, or has not, been overturned on appeal, and
  - (c) whether any further appeal may be brought in respect of the conviction, sentence or order.

- (7) Section 44C(4) and (5) (interpretation of references to an appeal and to the determination of an appeal) apply in relation to this section as they apply in relation to section 44C, except that references in this section to an appeal do include a petition to the nobile officium.
- (8) A convicted Member of the Senedd is not required under this section to notify the Presiding Officer if, at any time since the application of the section, the Member of the Senedd’s seat has been vacated.

**44E Presiding Officer’s notice that the first or second recall condition has been met**

- (1) As soon as reasonably practicable after becoming aware that the first or second recall condition has been met in relation to a Member of the Senedd, the Presiding Officer must give notice of that fact to the petition officer for the Member of the Senedd’s constituency unless –
  - (a) it appears to the Presiding Officer that the latest date for which may be fixed for the recall petition would fall within the period of six months ending with the day on which the poll at the next ordinary general election would be held (disregarding section 4),
  - (b) the Member of the Senedd is already subject to a recall petition process, or
  - (c) the Member of the Senedd’s seat has already been vacated (whether by the Member of the Senedd’s disqualification or death, or otherwise).
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1)(a), a Member of the Senedd is “subject to a recall petition process” during the period beginning with the giving of a notice under this section in relation to the Member of the Senedd and ending with –
  - (a) the receipt by the petition officer of a notice under section 44M(6) (early termination of recall petition process) in relation to the recall petition in question, or
  - (b) the giving by the petition officer of a notice under section 44N(2)(b) (determination of whether recall petition successful) of the outcome of that recall petition.
- (3) A notice under this section –
  - (a) must specify the day on which it is given,
  - (b) must specify which of the recall conditions has been met in relation to the Member of the Senedd, and
  - (c) in a case in which the first recall condition has been met, must specify the offence of which the Member of the Senedd has been convicted.
- (4) For the purposes of this Act, a notice under this section –
  - (a) is to be treated as given on the day specified in it under subsection (3)(a), and

- (b) is to be treated as received by the petition officer on the first working day after the day on which it is given.
- (5) References in this Act to a “Presiding Officer’s notice” are to a notice under this section.

*Conduct of the recall petition process*

**44F Petition officers**

- (1) There is to be a petition officer in relation to a recall petition for each constituency and the petition officer is the person who is the constituency returning officer in accordance with section 7(6) of this Act.
- (2) References in this Act to a petition officer are to a petition officer under this section.
- (3) It is the petition officer’s general duty to do anything necessary for effectually conducting a recall petition in accordance with this Act and regulations made under it.
- (4) The petition officer may appoint one or more deputies to perform any or all of the officer’s functions under or by virtue of this Act.
- (5) Each local authority whose area falls wholly or partly within the constituency must place the services of its officers at the disposal of the petition officer for the purpose of assisting the petition officer in the performance of the officer’s functions under or by virtue of this Act.
- (6) “Local authority” (“*awdurdod lleol*”) means a county council or county borough council in Wales.
- (7) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations make any provision, in relation to petition officers, in so far as it relates to expenditure.
- (8) A statutory instrument containing regulations under this section may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the Senedd.

**44G Where and from when the recall petition may be signed**

- (1) Where the petition officer for a constituency receives a Presiding Officer’s notice, the officer must, as soon as reasonably practicable, designate –
- (a) a place, or places, at which a recall petition is to be made available for signing, and
- (b) a day from which the petition is to be made available for signing.
- (2) A maximum of 10 places may be designated under subsection (1)(a).
- (3) The petition officer must, in determining which place or places to designate under subsection (1)(a), seek to ensure –
- (a) that all persons entitled to sign the recall petition have such reasonable facilities for signing it as are practicable in the circumstances, and

- (b) that, so far as is reasonable and practicable, every place designated is accessible to disabled persons.
- (4) The petition officer must designate under subsection (1)(b) –
  - (a) the day which is the 10th working day after the day on which the officer received the Presiding Officer’s notice, or
  - (b) if it is not reasonably practicable to designate that day, the first subsequent working day that it is reasonably practicable to designate.
- (5) In this Part –
  - “the designated place or places” means the place or places designated under subsection (1)(a);
  - “the designated day” means the day designated under subsection (1)(b).

**44H Notice of petition to be sent to registered electors**

- (1) As soon as reasonably practicable after determining the designated place or places and the designated day under section 44G, the petition officer must send a notice of petition in accordance with regulations under section 44R –
  - (a) to such descriptions of persons registered in the register of local government electors for the constituency as are to be specified in such regulations, and
  - (b) to such other descriptions of persons as may be specified in such regulations.
- (2) Regulations under section 44R must require the notice to contain information relating to the recall condition which has been met in relation to the Member of the Senedd.

**44I Recall petition to be made available for signing**

- (1) The petition officer must ensure that the recall petition is made available for signing throughout the signing period at the designated place or places, and by post, in accordance with regulations under section 44R.
- (2) In this Part “the signing period” means the period of six weeks beginning with the designated day.
- (3) The recall petition is made available for signing at the designated place or places, or by post, by a separate petition signing sheet being available for signing by each person entitled to sign the petition at that place, or by post, in accordance with regulations under section 44R.
- (4) The wording of a petition signing sheet must include the following –

By signing in the box below you are signing a petition for [*name of Member of the Senedd*] one of the Members of the Senedd for [*name of constituency*], to lose [*his/her*] seat as a Member of the Senedd. If at least 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [*name of Member of the Senedd*] MS will lose [*his/her*] seat as a Member of the Senedd and the vacancy will be filled in accordance with the usual arrangements. If fewer than 10% of eligible people in the constituency sign the petition, [*name of Member of the Senedd*] MS will not lose [*his/her*] seat as a result of the petition.

- (5) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations amend subsection (4).
- (6) The Welsh Ministers must by regulations ensure that the wording of a petition signing sheet is available through the medium of Welsh.
- (7) A statutory instrument containing regulations under this section may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the Senedd.

#### **44J Persons entitled to sign a recall petition**

- (1) A person is entitled to sign a recall petition on a day during the signing period if, on that day –
  - (a) the person is registered in the register of local government electors at an address within a Senedd constituency,
  - (b) the person is aged 16 or over, or the date of his or her 16th birthday is before the end of the signing period, and
  - (c) the person would be entitled to vote as an elector at a general election in the constituency.
- (2) Any alteration made to the register of local government electors at an address within a Senedd constituency which takes effect –
  - (a) after the day on which the Presiding Officer’s notice is given, and
  - (b) on or before the cut-off day,does not have effect for the purposes of subsection (1)(a) if it results from a late application for registration.
- (3) Any alteration made to the register of local government electors at an address within a Senedd constituency which takes effect after the cut-off day does not have effect for the purposes of subsection (1)(a).
- (4) For the purposes of this Part –
  - (a) “the cut-off day” means the third working day before the beginning of the signing period,
  - (b) “general election” means an ordinary general election or an extraordinary general election held under Part 1 of this Act, and
  - (c) “late application for registration” means an application for registration that is made after the day on which the Presiding Officer’s notice is given.

- (5) For the purposes of subsection (1)(c), section 2(1)(a) and (d) of the Representation of the People Act 1983 (c.2) (requirement to be registered and of voting age) are to be disregarded.
- (6) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations make provision relating to the alteration of registers of local government electors for the purposes of a recall petition.
- (7) A statutory instrument containing regulations under subsection (6) may not be made unless a draft of the regulations has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the Senedd.

**44K How entitlement to sign a recall petition is to be exercised**

- (1) A person who is entitled to sign a recall petition may sign it –
  - (a) in person,
  - (b) by post, or
  - (c) by proxy,subject to meeting the requirements of regulations under section 44R about signing it by that method.
- (2) A person who is entitled to sign a recall petition may sign it only once.
- (3) Once a recall petition has been signed, the signature cannot be withdrawn.
- (4) Unless stated otherwise, references in this Part (however expressed) to the signing of a recall petition by a person are to the person signing it by any of the methods mentioned in subsection (1) otherwise than as a proxy for another person.

**44L Double signing**

- (1) A person commits an offence if the person signs the same recall petition, otherwise than by proxy, more than once.
- (2) A person commits an offence if the person signs a recall petition in person or by post knowing that a person appointed to sign the petition as his or her proxy –
  - (a) has already signed the petition in person as his or her proxy, or
  - (b) in accordance with provision made by regulations under section 44R, is entitled to sign the petition as his or her proxy by post.
- (3) A person commits an offence if the person signs the same recall petition as proxy for the same person more than once.
- (4) A person commits an offence if the person signs a recall petition as proxy for another person knowing that the other person has already signed the petition in person or by post.
- (5) An offence under this section is treated –
  - (a) for the purposes of section 169 of the Representation of the People Act 1983 (c.2) (mode of prosecution and penalty for illegal practices) as an illegal practice,

- (b) for the purposes of section 173 of that Act (incapacities on conviction of corrupt or illegal practice) as an illegal practice under section 61 of that Act (other voting offences), and
- (c) for the purposes of section 178 of that Act (prosecution of offences committed outside the United Kingdom) as an offence under that Act.

*Early termination of recall petition process*

**44M Early termination of recall petition process**

- (1) This section applies where any of the following conditions is met at any time after the Presiding Officer’s notice is given but before notice of the outcome of the recall petition has been given under section 44N(2)(b).
- (2) The first condition is that the Senedd is dissolved.
- (3) The second condition is that the Member of the Senedd’s seat is vacated (whether by the Member of the Senedd’s disqualification or death, or otherwise).
- (4) The third condition is that, in a case in which the first recall condition was met in relation to the Member of the Senedd, the conviction, sentence or order in question is overturned on appeal.
- (5) As soon as reasonably practicable after becoming aware that this section applies, the Presiding Officer (or, in a case where this section applies by virtue of the first condition, the person who was the Presiding Officer immediately before the Senedd was dissolved) must notify the petition officer that the section applies, specifying which of the conditions above has been met.
- (6) On the petition officer receiving a notice under subsection (5) –
  - (a) sections 44G to 44K cease to apply in relation to the recall petition, and
  - (b) no further action is to be taken under or by virtue of this Part in relation to the process relating to the signing of the recall petition except –
    - (i) the action required under subsection (7), and
    - (ii) any action which may be required or permitted by regulations under section 44R in relation to the termination of that process.
- (7) As soon as reasonably practicable after receiving a notice under subsection (5), the petition officer must –
  - (a) take such steps as the officer considers necessary to terminate the process relating to the signing of the recall petition, and
  - (b) give a public notice of the termination of that process in accordance with regulations under section 44R.
- (8) Except in a case where this section applies by virtue of the first condition (dissolution of the Senedd), the Presiding Officer must lay before the Senedd any notice given under subsection (5).

*Outcome of recall petition*

**44N Determination of whether recall petition successful**

- (1) This section applies unless the petition officer has received a notice under section 44M(6) (early termination of recall petition process).
- (2) As soon as reasonably practicable after the end of the signing period, the petition officer must –
  - (a) determine whether the recall petition was successful,
  - (b) notify the Presiding Officer that the recall petition was successful or unsuccessful, as the case may be, and
  - (c) having done that, give a public notice of the outcome of the recall petition in accordance with regulations under section 44R.
- (3) For the purposes of this Act, a recall petition is successful if the number of persons who validly sign the petition is at least 10% of the number of eligible registered electors.
- (4) In this section “the number of eligible registered electors” means the number of persons registered in the register of local government electors for the constituency on the last day of the signing period excluding those who, according to their entry in the register, are aged under 16 on that day.
- (5) Any alteration made to the register of local government electors for the Senedd constituency which takes effect –
  - (a) after the day on which the Presiding Officer’s notice is given, and
  - (b) on or before the cut-off day,does not have effect for the purposes of subsection (3) if it results from a late application for registration.
- (6) Any alteration made to the register of local government electors for the constituency which takes effect after the cut-off day does not have effect for the purposes of subsection (3), unless regulations made under section 44J(6) determine otherwise.
- (7) For the purposes of subsection (3), a person validly signs a recall petition if –
  - (a) the person signs the petition on a day during the signing period on which the person is entitled to do so under section 44J,
  - (b) the person has not previously signed the petition,
  - (c) each condition (if any) imposed by regulations under section 44R of the kind mentioned in section 44R(3)(d)(i) (conditions for the exercise of entitlement to sign) applicable to the method of signing used is met,
  - (d) the person’s signing of the petition is not invalid for the purposes of this Act under regulations under section 44R of the kind mentioned in section 44R(3)(d)(iv), and
  - (e) the person is not within subsection (8).



- (8) A person is within this subsection if, on the last day of the signing period, the person is not registered in the register of local government electors for the constituency because the person's entry has been removed by an alteration described in regulations made under section 44J(6).
- (9) The Presiding Officer must lay before the Senedd any notice received under subsection (2)(b).

**44O Effect of successful petition**

- (1) If the petition officer notifies the Presiding Officer under section 44N(2)(b) that the recall petition was successful, the Member of the Senedd’s seat becomes vacant on the giving of that notice.
- (2) That does not apply if the seat has already been vacated (whether by the Member of the Senedd’s disqualification or death, or otherwise).
- (3) Subsection (1) is subject to regulations under section 44R about the questioning of the outcome of the recall petition.

*Financial controls*

**44P Expenses, donations and reporting**

- (1) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations make any provision, in relation to –
  - (a) regulating expenditure in relation to recall petitions;
  - (b) regulating donations in relation to recall petitions;
  - (c) imposing reporting requirements in connection with the financial control of recall petitions.
- (2) A statutory instrument containing regulations under this section may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the Senedd.

**44Q Loans**

- (1) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations make any provision corresponding to section 62 of the Electoral Administration Act 2006 (c.22).
- (2) A statutory instrument containing regulations under this section may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the Senedd.

*Final provisions*

**44R Power to make further provision about conduct of a recall petition etc.**

- (1) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations –
  - (a) make further provision about the conduct of a recall petition;
  - (b) make provision about the questioning of the outcome of a recall petition and the consequences of irregularities;

- (c) make further provision about the giving, sending, delivery or receipt of notices or other documents under this Part.
- (2) Regulations under subsection (1) may –
  - (a) apply or incorporate any provision of electoral legislation (with or without modifications or exceptions);
  - (b) amend any form contained in a provision of electoral legislation for use in relation to recall petitions;
  - (c) make provision conferring a discretion on any person;
  - (d) make provision creating a criminal offence;
  - (e) make further provision about criminal offences under this Part.
- (3) The provision that may be made under subsection (1)(a) includes, in particular –
  - (a) provision about the notice of petition under section 44H, the petition signing sheet under section 44I or the public notice required under section 44M(7)(b) or 44N(2)(c);
  - (b) provision permitting or requiring the petition officer not to make the recall petition available for signing at the designated place or places at particular times of the day or on particular days;
  - (c) provision allocating persons registered in the register of local government electors for the constituency to a particular designated place and limiting the availability of the petition for signing at that place to signing by persons so allocated who are entitled to sign it;
  - (d) provision about signing a recall petition in person, by post or by proxy, and in particular –
    - (i) provision under which an entitlement to sign a recall petition in person, by post or by proxy may be exercised only where conditions specified in the regulations are met;
    - (ii) provision about what a person must do in order to be regarded as having signed a recall petition for the purposes of this Act;
    - (iii) provision about when a person who signs a recall petition by post is treated as signing it for the purposes of this Act;
    - (iv) provision about when a person's signing of a recall petition is invalid for the purposes of this Act;
  - (e) provision permitting or requiring the petition officer, in determining under section 44N(2)(a) whether a recall petition was successful, to treat a person who signed the petition as having validly signed it for the purposes of section 44N(3);

- (f) provision about access to, or the supply of copies of, the register of local government electors for the constituency or documents produced in relation to a recall petition;
  - (g) provision about the retention or disposal of documents or other information in relation to a recall petition;
  - (h) further provision about the regulation of campaigning in relation to a recall petition.
- (4) Provision made as mentioned in subsection (3)(e) does not affect –
- (a) the question of whether, for the purposes of provision made under subsection (1)(b), a person validly signed a recall petition for the purposes of section 44N(3) (determination of whether recall petition successful), or
  - (b) liability to any penalty arising from a person signing a recall petition but failing to validly sign it for the purposes of section 44N(3).
- (5) The outcome of a recall petition may be questioned only in accordance with provision made under subsection (1)(b).
- (6) The provision that may be made under subsection (1)(c) includes –
- (a) provision about how a notice or other document authorised or required under this Part to be given, sent or delivered is given, sent or delivered;
  - (b) provision about the circumstances in which, and the time at which, a notice or other document is (or is to be treated as having been) given, sent, delivered or received.
- (7) For the purposes of this section, “a provision of electoral legislation” means –
- (a) a provision of, or made under, the Representation of the People Acts, or
  - (b) a provision of other legislation which is a provision relating to a general election.
- (8) A statutory instrument containing regulations under this section may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the Senedd.

**44S Performance of the Presiding Officer’s functions by others**

If the first or second condition has been met in relation to the Presiding Officer the functions of the Presiding Officer in relation to this Part are to be performed by a Deputy Presiding Officer.

**44T Regulations**

- (1) Regulations under this Part are to be made by statutory instrument.
- (2) Regulations under this Part may –
  - (a) make consequential, supplementary, incidental, transitional or saving provision;

- (b) make different provision for different purposes or areas.
- (3) The power under subsection (2)(a) includes, in the case of regulations under section 44R (power to make further provision about conduct of a recall petition etc), the power to amend legislation.

#### **44U Interpretation**

- (1) In this Part –

“the cut-off day” has the meaning given by section 44J(4)(a);

“the designated day” has the meaning given by section 44G(5);

“the designated place or places” has the meaning given by section 44G(5);

“late application for registration” has the meaning given by section 44J(4)(b);

“legislation” means –

- (a) an enactment as defined in section 158, or

- (b) an Act of Parliament, or any subordinate legislation made under any Act of Parliament;

“overturned on appeal” means –

- (a) in relation to a conviction, that there is no longer a conviction for the purposes of section 44A(3), and

- (b) in relation to a sentence or order –

- (i) varied so that it is no longer a sentence or order that the Member of the Senedd be imprisoned or detained within the meaning of section 44A(3), or

- (ii) replaced with another sentence or order that is not a sentence or order that the Member of the Senedd be imprisoned or detained within the meaning of that provision;

“recall petition” has the meaning given by section 44A(2);

“the signing period” has the meaning given by section 44I(2);

“Presiding Officer’s notice” has the meaning given by section 44E(5).

- (2) References in this Part to the register of local government electors for the constituency is to the version of the register of local government electors as most recently published under section 13(1)(a) of the Representation of the People Act 1983.
- (3) References in this Part (however expressed) to the signing of a recall petition by a person are to be read in accordance with section 44K(4).
- (4) A duty under this Part to notify (however expressed) is a duty to give notice in writing.”.

<i>Bil Senedd Cymru (Aelodau ac Etholiadau) – Rhestr o Welliannu wedi’u Didoli</i> <i>Senedd Cymru (Members and Elections) Bill – Marshalled List of Amendments</i>	37
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>45</b>
Section 11, page 11, line 12, leave out ‘and Boundary’. Adran 11, tudalen 11, llinell 12, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>46</b>
Section 11, page 11, line 15, leave out ‘and Boundary’. Adran 11, tudalen 11, llinell 15, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>47</b>
Section 12, page 11, line 22, leave out ‘and Boundary’. Adran 12, tudalen 11, llinell 23, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>48</b>
Section 12, page 11, line 25, leave out ‘and Boundary’. Adran 12, tudalen 11, llinell 26, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>53</b>
Schedule 1, page 18, line 9, leave out ‘and Boundary’. Atodlen 1, tudalen 18, llinell 9, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>54</b>
Schedule 1, page 18, line 13, leave out ‘and Boundary’. Atodlen 1, tudalen 18, llinell 13, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>55</b>
Schedule 1, page 18, line 15, leave out ‘and Boundary’. Atodlen 1, tudalen 18, llinell 15, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>56</b>
Schedule 1, page 18, line 18, leave out ‘and Boundary’. Atodlen 1, tudalen 18, llinell 18, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.	

**Adam Price**

57

Schedule 1, page 18, line 22, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 18, llinell 21, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

58

Schedule 1, page 18, line 25, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 18, llinell 25, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

59

Schedule 1, page 18, line 31, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 18, llinell 31, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

60

Schedule 1, page 18, line 33, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 18, llinell 33, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

61

Schedule 1, page 18, line 35, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 18, llinell 35, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

62

Schedule 1, page 19, line 5, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 19, llinell 5, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

63

Schedule 1, page 19, line 18, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 19, llinell 18, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

64

Schedule 1, page 19, line 21, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 19, llinell 21, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.



<i>Bil Senedd Cymru (Aelodau ac Etholiadau) – Rhestr o Welliannu wedi’u Didoli</i> <i>Senedd Cymru (Members and Elections) Bill – Marshalled List of Amendments</i>	39
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>65</b>
Schedule 1, page 19, line 29, leave out ‘and Boundary’. Atodlen 1, tudalen 19, llinell 29, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>66</b>
Schedule 1, page 19, line 33, leave out ‘and Boundary’. Atodlen 1, tudalen 19, llinell 33, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>67</b>
Schedule 1, page 19, line 37, leave out ‘and Boundary’. Atodlen 1, tudalen 19, llinell 37, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>68</b>
Schedule 1, page 20, line 3, leave out ‘and Boundary’. Atodlen 1, tudalen 20, llinell 4, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>69</b>
Schedule 1, page 20, line 8, leave out ‘and Boundary’. Atodlen 1, tudalen 20, llinell 8, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>70</b>
Schedule 1, page 20, line 12, leave out ‘and Boundary’. Atodlen 1, tudalen 20, llinell 12, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>71</b>
Schedule 1, page 20, line 16, leave out ‘and Boundary’. Atodlen 1, tudalen 20, llinell 16, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>72</b>
Schedule 1, page 20, line 21, leave out ‘and Boundary’. Atodlen 1, tudalen 20, llinell 20, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	

<i>Bil Senedd Cymru (Aelodau ac Etholiadau) – Rhestr o Welliannu wedi’u Didoli</i>	40
<i>Senedd Cymru (Members and Elections) Bill – Marshalled List of Amendments</i>	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>73</b>
Schedule 1, page 20, line 25, leave out ‘and Boundary’.	
Atodlen 1, tudalen 20, llinell 24, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>74</b>
Schedule 1, page 20, line 29, leave out ‘and Boundary’.	
Atodlen 1, tudalen 20, llinell 29, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>75</b>
Schedule 1, page 20, line 33, leave out ‘and Boundary’.	
Atodlen 1, tudalen 20, llinell 33, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>76</b>
Schedule 1, page 21, line 4, leave out ‘and Boundary’.	
Atodlen 1, tudalen 21, llinell 4, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>77</b>
Schedule 1, page 21, line 8, leave out ‘and Boundary’.	
Atodlen 1, tudalen 21, llinell 8, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>78</b>
Schedule 1, page 21, line 12, leave out ‘and Boundary’.	
Atodlen 1, tudalen 21, llinell 12, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>79</b>
Schedule 1, page 21, line 16, leave out ‘and Boundary’.	
Atodlen 1, tudalen 21, llinell 16, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>80</b>
Schedule 1, page 21, line 20, leave out ‘and Boundary’.	
Atodlen 1, tudalen 21, llinell 20, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	



**Adam Price**

81

Schedule 1, page 21, line 24, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 21, llinell 24, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

82

Schedule 1, page 21, line 28, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 21, llinell 28, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

83

Schedule 1, page 21, line 32, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 21, llinell 32, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

84

Schedule 1, page 21, line 36, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 21, llinell 36, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

85

Schedule 1, page 22, line 4, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 22, llinell 4, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

86

Schedule 1, page 22, line 7, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 22, llinell 8, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

87

Schedule 1, page 22, line 12, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 22, llinell 12, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

88

Schedule 1, page 22, line 16, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 22, llinell 16, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.



**Adam Price**

89

Schedule 1, page 22, line 19, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 22, llinell 20, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

90

Schedule 1, page 22, line 28, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 22, llinell 29, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

91

Schedule 1, page 23, line 5, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 23, llinell 5, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

92

Schedule 1, page 23, line 7, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 23, llinell 7, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

93

Schedule 1, page 23, line 9, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 23, llinell 9, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

94

Schedule 1, page 23, line 11, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 23, llinell 11, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

95

Schedule 1, page 23, line 16, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 23, llinell 16, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

96

Schedule 1, page 23, line 24, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 23, llinell 24, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

97

Schedule 1, page 23, line 28, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 23, llinell 28, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

98

Schedule 1, page 23, line 34, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 23, llinell 34, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

99

Schedule 1, page 24, line 13, column 1, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 24, llinell 13, colofn 1, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

100

Schedule 1, page 24, line 14, column 1, leave out ‘a Ffiniau’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 24, llinell 14, colofn 1, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

101

Schedule 1, page 24, line 22, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 24, llinell 22, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

102

Schedule 1, page 24, line 24, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 24, llinell 24, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

103

Schedule 1, page 24, line 32, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 24, llinell 32, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

104

Schedule 1, page 24, line 37, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 24, llinell 37, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.



**Adam Price**

105

Schedule 1, page 25, line 3, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 25, llinell 3, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

106

Schedule 1, page 25, line 5, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 25, llinell 5, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

107

Schedule 1, page 25, line 8, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 25, llinell 8, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

108

Schedule 1, page 25, line 10, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 25, llinell 10, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

109

Schedule 1, page 25, line 12, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 25, llinell 13, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

110

Schedule 1, page 25, line 17, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 25, llinell 17, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

111

Schedule 1, page 25, line 24, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 25, llinell 23, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

112

Schedule 1, page 25, line 28, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 25, llinell 29, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.



**Adam Price**

**113**

Schedule 1, page 26, line 4, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 26, llinell 4, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price**

**114**

Schedule 1, page 26, line 5, leave out ‘a Ffiniau’.

Atodlen 1, tudalen 26, llinell 4, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Mick Antoniw**

**3**

Section 14, page 11, after line 32, insert –

‘( ) for “The Welsh Ministers may not appoint a person who is” substitute “A member may not be”’;

Adran 14, tudalen 11, ar ôl llinell 34, mewnosoder –

‘( ) yn lle “Ni chaiff Gweinidogion Cymru benodi person sydd yn” rhodder “Ni chaiff aelod fod yn”’;

**Mick Antoniw**

**4**

Section 14, page 11, line 33, leave out –

‘(b) substitute –

“(b) a Member of the Senedd;”’;

And insert –

‘(a) substitute –

“(a) a member of a UK legislature;”’;

Adran 14, tudalen 11, llinell 35, hepgorer –

‘(b) rhodder –

“(b) Aelod o’r Senedd;”’;

A mewnosoder –

‘(a) rhodder –

“(a) aelod o un o ddeddfwrfeydd y DU;”’;

**Mick Antoniw**

**5**

Section 14, page 12, line 1, leave out ‘after paragraph (b) insert’ and insert ‘for paragraph (b) substitute’.

Adran 14, tudalen 12, llinell 1, hepgorer ‘ar ôl paragraff (b) mewnosoder’ a mewnosoder ‘yn lle paragraff (b) rhodder’.



**Mick Antoniw** 6

Section 14, page 12, line 2, leave out ‘the Senedd’ and insert ‘a UK legislature’.

Adran 14, tudalen 12, llinell 2, hepgorer ‘o’r Senedd’ a mewnosoder ‘o un o ddeddfwrfeydd y DU’.

**Mick Antoniw** 7

Section 14, page 12, line 7, leave out ‘appointed to assist the Welsh Ministers, the Scottish Ministers or a Minister of the Crown’.

Adran 14, tudalen 12, llinell 7, hepgorer ‘a benodir i gynorthwyo Gweinidogion Cymru, Gweinidogion yr Alban neu un o Weinidogion y Goron’.

**Mick Antoniw** 8

Section 14, page 12, line 9, after ‘executive’, insert –

‘ –

(a) for paragraph (a) substitute –

“(a) a member of a UK legislature;”’.

Adran 14, tudalen 12, llinell 10, ar ôl ‘weithredwr’, mewnosoder –

‘ –

(a) yn lle paragraff (a) rhodder –

“(a) aelod o un o ddeddfwrfeydd y DU;”’.

**Mick Antoniw** 9

Section 14, page 12, line 9, leave out ‘after paragraph (b) insert’ and insert –

‘(b) for paragraph (b) substitute’.

Adran 14, tudalen 12, llinell 10, hepgorer ‘ar ôl paragraff (b) mewnosoder’ a mewnosoder –

‘(b) yn lle paragraff (b) rhodder’.

**Mick Antoniw** 10

Section 14, page 12, line 11, leave out ‘the Senedd’ and insert ‘a UK legislature’.

Adran 14, tudalen 12, llinell 12, hepgorer ‘o’r Senedd’ a mewnosoder ‘o un o ddeddfwrfeydd y DU’.

**Mick Antoniw** 11

Section 14, page 12, line 16, leave out ‘appointed to assist the Welsh Ministers, the Scottish Ministers or a Minister of the Crown’.

Adran 14, tudalen 12, llinell 17, hepgorer ‘a benodir i gynorthwyo Gweinidogion Cymru, Gweinidogion yr Alban neu un o Weinidogion y Goron’.

**Mick Antoniw**

**12**

Section 14, page 12, after line 18, insert –

““member of a UK legislature” means –

- (a) a Member of the Senedd;
- (b) a member of the House of Commons;
- (c) a member of the House of Lords;
- (d) a member of the Scottish Parliament;
- (e) a member of the Northern Ireland Assembly,”’.

Adran 14, tudalen 12, ar ôl llinell 20, mewnosoder –

“ystyr “aelod o un o ddeddfwrfeydd y DU” yw –

- (a) Aelod o’r Senedd;
- (b) aelod o Dŷ’r Cyffredin;
- (c) aelod o Dŷ’r Arglwyddi;
- (d) aelod o Senedd yr Alban;
- (e) aelod o Gynulliad Gogledd Iwerddon,”’.

**Mick Antoniw**

**13**

Section 14, page 12, line 22, leave out ‘appointed to assist the Welsh Ministers, the Scottish Ministers or a Minister of the Crown’.

Adran 14, tudalen 12, llinell 21, hepgorer ‘a benodir i gynorthwyo Gweinidogion Cymru, Gweinidogion yr Alban neu un o Weinidogion y Goron’.

**Mick Antoniw**

**14**

Section 14, page 12, line 25, after ‘25)’, insert –

’, or

- (b) section 1 of the Civil Service (Special Advisers) Act (Northern Ireland) 2013 (c. 8 (N.I.))’.

Adran 14, tudalen 12, llinell 25, ar ôl ‘25)’, mewnosoder –

’, neu

- (b) yn adran 1 o Ddeddf y Gwasanaeth Sifil (Cynghorwyr Arbennig) (Gogledd Iwerddon) 2013 (p. 8 (G.I.))’.

**Mick Antoniw**

15

Section 14, page 12, after line 26, insert –

‘( ) after the entry for “mandatory consultees” insert –

“Member of a UK legislature” ( <i>Aelod o un o ddeddfwrfeydd y DU</i> )	Section 72(1)”;
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Adran 14, tudalen 12, ar ôl llinell 29, mewnosoder –

‘( ) ar ôl y cofnod ar gyfer “aelod cadeirio” mewnosoder –

“Aelod o un o ddeddfwrfeydd y DU ( <i>Member of a UK legislature</i> )	Adran 72(1)”;
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**Mick Antoniw**

16

Section 14, page 12, line 31, column 1, leave out ‘appointed to assist the Welsh Ministers, the Scottish Ministers or a Minister of the Crown (*Cynghorydd arbennig a benodir i gynorthwyo Gweinidogion Cymru, Gweinidogion yr Alban neu un o Weinidogion y Goron*’ and insert ‘(*Cynghorydd arbennig*’.

Adran 14, tudalen 12, llinell 31, colofn 1, hepgorer ‘a benodir i gynorthwyo Gweinidogion Cymru, Gweinidogion yr Alban neu un o Weinidogion y Goron’ (*Special adviser appointed to assist the Welsh Ministers, the Scottish Ministers or a Minister of the Crown*’ a mewnosoder ‘(*Special adviser*’.

**Mick Antoniw**

17

Section 16, page 13, after line 8, insert –

‘( ) for “But the Commission may not appoint a person who is” substitute “An assistant commissioner may not be”’.

Adran 16, tudalen 13, ar ôl llinell 8, mewnosoder –

‘( ) yn lle “Ond ni chaiff y Comisiwn benodi person sydd yn” rhodder “Ni chaiff comisiynydd cynorthwyol fod yn”’.

**Mick Antoniw**

18

Section 16, page 13, line 9, leave out

‘(b) substitute –

“(b) a Member of the Senedd;”’

And insert –

‘(a) substitute –

“(a) a member of a UK legislature;”’.

Adran 16, tudalen 13, llinell 9, hepgorer –

‘(b) rhodder –

“(b) Aelod o’r Senedd;”’





A mewnosoder

‘(a) rhodder –

“(a) aelod o un o ddeddfwrfeydd y DU;”;

**Mick Antoniw**

19

Section 16, page 13, line 11, leave out ‘after paragraph (b) insert’ and insert ‘for paragraph (b) substitute’.

Adran 16, tudalen 13, llinell 11, hepgorer ‘ar ôl paragraff (b) mewnosoder’ a mewnosoder ‘yn lle paragraff (b) rhodder’.

**Mick Antoniw**

20

Section 16, page 13, line 12, leave out ‘the Senedd’ and insert ‘a UK legislature’.

Adran 16, tudalen 13, llinell 12, hepgorer ‘o’r Senedd’ a mewnosoder ‘o un o ddeddfwrfeydd y DU’.

**Mick Antoniw**

21

Section 16, page 13, line 17, leave out ‘appointed to assist the Welsh Ministers, the Scottish Ministers or a Minister of the Crown’.

Adran 16, tudalen 13, llinell 17, hepgorer ‘a benodir i gynorthwyo Gweinidogion Cymru, Gweinidogion yr Alban neu un o Weinidogion y Goron’.

**Adam Price**

49

Section 16, page 13, line 25, column 1, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Adran 16, tudalen 13, llinell 26, colofn 1, hepgorer ‘and Boundary’.

**Adam Price**

50

Section 16, page 13, line 26, column 1, leave out ‘a Ffiniau’.

Adran 16, tudalen 13, llinell 27, colofn 1, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Darren Millar**

41

Page 13, after line 27, insert a new section –

**[ ] Debate on annual reports**

In section 20 of the 2013 Act (annual reports), after subsection (2) insert –

“(2A) The Welsh Ministers must make arrangements for Senedd Cymru to debate the contents of the report, no later than 12 weeks after the report is published.”.



Tudalen 13, ar ôl llinell 28, mewnosoder adran newydd –

**[ ] Dadl ar adroddiadau blynyddol**

Yn adran 20 o Ddeddf 2013 (adroddiadau blynyddol), ar ôl is-adran (2) mewnosoder –

“(2A) Rhaid i Weinidogion Cymru wneud trefniadau i Senedd Cymru gynnal dadl ar gynnwys yr adroddiad, heb fod yn hwyrach na 12 wythnos ar ôl cyhoeddi’r adroddiad.”

**Adam Price** 51

Section 17, page 13, line 35, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Adran 17, tudalen 13, llinell 36, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Adam Price** 115

Schedule 2, page 27, line 12, leave out ‘and Boundary’.

Atodlen 2, tudalen 27, llinell 14, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.

**Mick Antoniw** 22

Schedule 2, page 27, line 32, after ‘ties’, insert ‘(including local ties connected to the use of the Welsh language)’.

Atodlen 2, tudalen 27, llinell 33, ar ôl ‘lleol’, mewnosoder ‘(gan gynnwys cwlwm lleol sy’n gysylltiedig â’r defnydd o’r Gymraeg)’.

**Mick Antoniw** 23

Nid oes angen diwygio’r fersiwn Saesneg. There is no need to amend the English version.

Atodlen 2, tudalen 27, llinell 33, hepgorer ‘sy’n’ a mewnosoder ‘a fyddai’n’.

**Mick Antoniw** 24

Schedule 2, page 28, line 34, after ‘publish’, insert ‘a document setting out’.

Atodlen 2, tudalen 28, llinell 36, ar ôl ‘cyhoeddi’, mewnosoder ‘dogfen sy’n nodi’.

**Mick Antoniw** 25

Schedule 2, page 29, line 25, after ‘publish’, insert ‘a document setting out’.

Atodlen 2, tudalen 29, llinell 27, ar ôl ‘cyhoeddi’, mewnosoder ‘dogfen sy’n nodi’.

<i>Bil Senedd Cymru (Aelodau ac Etholiadau) – Rhestr o Welliannu wedi’u Didoli</i>	<u>51</u>
<i>Senedd Cymru (Members and Elections) Bill – Marshalled List of Amendments</i>	
<b>Mick Antoniw</b>	<b>26</b>
Schedule 2, page 32, line 1, after ‘a’ at the second place where it appears, insert ‘notice,’.	
Atodlen 2, tudalen 32, llinell 1, ar ôl ‘gyhoeddi’, mewnosoder ‘hysbysiad,’.	
<b>Mick Antoniw</b>	<b>27</b>
Schedule 2, page 32, line 2, after ‘the’, insert ‘notice,’.	
Atodlen 2, tudalen 32, llinell 2, ar ôl ‘i’r’, mewnosoder ‘hysbysiad,’.	
<b>Adam Price</b>	<b>52</b>
Section 18, page 14, line 4, leave out ‘and Boundary’.	
Adran 18, tudalen 14, llinell 4, hepgorer ‘a Ffiniau’.	
<b>Mick Antoniw</b>	<b>28</b>
Schedule 3, page 34, line 17, after ‘ties’, insert ‘(including local ties connected to the use of the Welsh language)’.	
Atodlen 3, tudalen 34, llinell 17, ar ôl ‘lleol’, mewnosoder ‘(gan gynnwys cwlwm lleol sy’n gysylltiedig â’r defnydd o’r Gymraeg)’.	
<b>Mick Antoniw</b>	<b>29</b>
Nid oes angen diwygio’r fersiwn Saesneg. There is no need to amend the English version.	
Atodlen 3, tudalen 34, llinell 17, hepgorer ‘fydd yn’ a mewnosoder ‘fyddai’n’.	
<b>Mick Antoniw</b>	<b>30</b>
Schedule 3, page 39, line 7, leave out ‘on’ and insert ‘in respect of’.	
Atodlen 3, tudalen 39, llinell 8, hepgorer ‘ar’ a mewnosoder ‘mewn cysylltiad ag’.	
<b>Mick Antoniw</b>	<b>31</b>
Schedule 3, page 39, line 18, after ‘publish’, insert ‘a document setting out’.	
Atodlen 3, tudalen 39, llinell 18, ar ôl ‘cyhoeddi’, mewnosoder ‘dogfen sy’n nodi’.	

**Darren Millar**

37

Page 14, after line 7, insert a new section –

**[ ] A referendum on this Act**

- (1) The Welsh Ministers must by regulations cause a referendum to be held throughout Wales about whether the provisions in this Act (other than the provisions set out in section 25(1)) are to come into force.
- (2) Where the majority of votes in the referendum are in favour of those provisions coming into force, they come into force in accordance with section 25.’.

Tudalen 14, ar ôl llinell 7, mewnosoder adran newydd –

**[ ] Refferendwm ar y Ddeddf hon**

- (1) Rhaid i Weinidogion Cymru drwy reoliadau beri i refferendwm gael ei gynnal ledled Cymru ynghylch a yw darpariaethau’r Ddeddf hon (heblaw’r darpariaethau a nodir yn adran 25(1)) i ddod i rym.
- (2) Pan fo mwyafrif y pleidleisiau yn y refferendwm o blaid y darpariaethau hynny yn dod i rym, byddant yn dod i rym yn unol ag adran 25.’.

**Darren Millar**

42

Section 25, page 17, after line 3, insert –

‘( ) Part [*Part to be inserted by amendment 40*];’.

Adran 25, tudalen 17, ar ôl llinell 3, mewnosoder –

‘( ) Rhan [*Rhan i’w mewnosod gan welliant 40*];’.

**Darren Millar**

38

Section 25, page 17, line 4, leave out –

‘3;

- (b) section 17 and Schedule 2;
  - (c) this Part, other than sections 19 and 21.
- (2) The following provisions come into force at the end of the period of two months beginning with the day on which this Act receives Royal Assent –
    - (a) sections 1, 2, 6 and 7;
    - (b) Part 2;
    - (c) section 18 and Schedule 3;
    - (d) section 19;
    - (e) section 21.
  - (3) Section 3 comes into force on the day after the day of the poll for the first general election held after 7 November 2025.
  - (4) Sections 4 and 5 come into force on the day after the day of the poll for the first general election held after’

And insert –

*‘[Part to be inserted by amendment 37];*

(b) sections 20, 22, 25(1), (2) and (3) and 26.

( ) The following provisions come into force on the day after the day on which a referendum held in accordance with Part *[Part to be inserted by amendment 37]*, and the majority of votes in the referendum held are in favour of the provisions in this Act (other than the provisions set out in section 25(1)) coming into force –

(a) Part 3;

(b) section 17 and Schedule 2;

(c) sections 23, 24 and 25(6) and (7).

( ) The following provisions come into force at the end of the period of two months beginning with the day after the day on which a referendum is held in accordance with Part *[Part to be inserted by amendment 37]*, and the majority of votes in the referendum held are in favour of the provisions in this Act (other than the provisions set out in section 25(1)) coming into force –

(a) sections 1, 2, 6 and 7;

(b) Part 2;

(c) section 18 and Schedule 3;

(d) section 19;

(e) section 21.

( ) If the majority of votes in the referendum held in accordance with Part *[Part to be inserted by amendment 37]* are in favour of the provisions of this Act (other than the provisions set out in subsection (1)) coming into force, section 3 comes into force on the day after the day of the poll for the first general election held after the referendum.

( ) If the majority of votes in the referendum held in accordance with Part *[Part to be inserted by amendment 37]* are in favour of the provisions of this Act (other than the provisions set out in subsection (1)) coming into force, sections 4 and 5 come into force on the day after the day of the poll for the first general election held after the referendum.

( ) Subsection (*[third subsection to be inserted by this amendment]*) comes into force on 7 November 2025.

( ) Subsection (*[fourth subsection to be inserted by this amendment]*) comes into force on’.

Adran 25, tudalen 17, llinell 4, hepgorer –

’3;

(b) adran 17 ac Atodlen 2;

(c) y Rhan hon, heblaw adrannau 19 a 21.

(2) Daw’r darpariaethau a ganlyn i rym ar ddiwedd y cyfnod o ddau fis sy’n dechrau â’r diwrnod y caiff y Ddeddf hon y Cydsyniad Brenhinol –

(a) adrannau 1, 2, 6 a 7;

(b) Rhan 2;

(c) adran 18 ac Atodlen 3;

(d) adran 19;



(e) adran 21.

- (3) Daw adran 3 i rym drannoeth diwrnod y bleidlais ar gyfer yr etholiad cyffredinol cyntaf a gynhelir ar ôl 7 Tachwedd 2025.
- (4) Daw adrannau 4 a 5 i rym drannoeth diwrnod y bleidlais ar gyfer yr etholiad cyffredinol cyntaf a gynhelir ar ôl’

A mewnosoder –

*‘[Rhan i’w mewnosod gan welliant 37];*

- ( ) adrannau 20, 22, 25(1), (2) a (3) a 26.
- ( ) Daw’r darpariaethau a ganlyn i rym drannoeth y diwrnod y cynhelir refferendwm yn unol â Rhan *[Rhan i’w mewnosod gan welliant 37]*, a bod mwyafrif y pleidleisiau yn y refferendwm a gynhelir o blaid darpariaethau’r Ddeddf hon (heblaw’r darpariaethau a nodir yn adran 25(1)) yn dod i rym –
  - (a) Rhan 3;
  - (b) adran 17 ac Atodlen 2;
  - (c) adrannau 23, 24 a 25(6) a (7).
- ( ) Daw’r darpariaethau a ganlyn i rym ar ddiwedd y cyfnod o ddau fis sy’n dechrau drannoeth y diwrnod y cynhelir refferendwm yn unol â Rhan *[Rhan i’w mewnosod gan welliant 37]*, a bod mwyafrif y pleidleisiau yn y refferendwm a gynhelir o blaid y darpariaethau yn y Ddeddf hon (heblaw’r darpariaethau a nodir yn adran 25(1)) yn dod i rym –
  - (a) adrannau 1, 2, 6 a 7;
  - (b) Rhan 2;
  - (c) adran 18 ac Atodlen 3;
  - (d) adran 19;
  - (e) adran 21.
- ( ) Os yw mwyafrif y pleidleisiau yn y refferendwm a gynhelir yn unol â Rhan *[Rhan i’w mewnosod gan welliant 37]* o blaid darpariaethau’r Ddeddf hon (heblaw’r darpariaethau a nodir yn is-adran (1)) yn dod i rym, daw adran 3 i rym drannoeth diwrnod y bleidlais ar gyfer yr etholiad cyffredinol cyntaf a gynhelir ar ôl y refferendwm.
- ( ) Os yw mwyafrif y pleidleisiau yn y refferendwm a gynhelir yn unol â Rhan *[Rhan i’w mewnosod gan welliant 37]* o blaid darpariaethau’r Ddeddf hon (heblaw’r darpariaethau a nodir yn is-adran (1)) yn dod i rym, daw adrannau 4 a 5 i rym drannoeth diwrnod y bleidlais ar gyfer yr etholiad cyffredinol cyntaf a gynhelir ar ôl y refferendwm.
- ( ) Daw is-adran (*[trydedd is-adran i’w mewnosod gan y gwelliant hwn]*) i rym ar 7 Tachwedd 2025.
- ( ) Daw is-adran (*[pedwaredd is-adran i’w mewnosod gan y gwelliant hwn]*) i rym ar’.